

Graduate School

United Nations Security Council and Australian Autonomous Sanctions Higher Degree Research Compliance Assessment Form

INTRODUCTION:

From 1 July 2011, the Autonomous Sanctions Act 2011 has provided a new framework designed to strengthen Australia's existing autonomous sanctions by consolidating them to a single piece of legislation. The framework includes regulations designed to drive a strict liability regime under which Australian organisations (including universities) could be liable for a breach if they are unable to demonstrate that they have taken 'reasonable precautions' and 'exercised due diligence' in the development and implementation of industry specific Autonomous Sanctions related policies, procedures, and educational/training programs.

Sanctions are coercive or punitive measures imposed by governments as a means of influencing regimes to alter their behaviour. Australia imposes two main types of sanctions measures:

- multilateral sanctions based on resolutions made by the United Nations Security Council; and
- Autonomous Australian sanctions.

Sanctions impose restrictions on activities related to designated individuals and entities, with designated products, or in designated locations. A number of university activities may give rise to risks under sanctions laws.

The purpose of this assessment form is to undertake a risk assessment of an application for admission and/or scholarship to a higher degree research program in order to ensure compliance with the Charter of the United Nations (UN Sanction Enforcement Law) Declaration 2008; the Australian Autonomous Sanctions Act (Cth) 2011; and the Autonomous Sanctions Regulations (Cth) 2011. More information about Autonomous Sanctions is available from the Department of Foreign Affairs and Trade (DFAT) at http://www.dfat.gov.au/sanctions/

All proposed or nominated supervisors must be involved in the special assessment of applications from citizens of sanctioned countries† that they wish to support for an offer of admission. Supervisors must also sign this assessment form and the form must be endorsed by the Delegated Authority, and the Dean, Graduate Studies.

ATTENTION MAC USERS: This form will be corrupted if opened in Preview.

SECTION A: APPLICANT DETAILS

Family Name: Given names: Nationality: Citizenship: Does the applicant have (Australian) dual citizenship? YES NO If YES, please specify the countries of citizenship: If YES, please sign **section D** and submit this form Is the applicant a permanent resident of Australia? YES NO If YES, please sign **section D** and submit this form Does the applicant hold an Australian Humanitarian Visa? YES NO If YES, please sign **section D** and submit this form Does the applicant hold a scholarship OR receive financial YES NO support from an institution/government located in a sanctioned country? If YES, please provide details: † Countries on the Sanctions lists and country specific sanctions can be found at:

SECTION B: RECOMMENDATION – OFFER OF ADMISSION

http://www.dfat.gov.au/sanctions/sanctions-regimes/

(i) wishes to offer this applicant:

Admission only

Admission and scholarship (i.e. are supporting the applicant in consideration for scholarship of other financial support)

Permission to visit Southern Cross University as a visiting PhD student/visiting Scholar for NO MORE than 6 months

In the following degree program:

PhD Masters by Research Professional Doctorate

Program Code:

(ii)	Title of proposed project:
(iii)	Project Description: Attach another sheet if necessary.
(iv)	Does the proposed project involve or require any external organisations (i.e. in terms of funding, intellectual property, research collaboration, deliverables, etc.)?
	YES NO
If YES,	Provide details
SECTION C:	ASSESSMENT OF THE PROJECT AND THE RESEARCH ENVIRONMENT

NOTE: Please contact your respective Head of School/SRC or School/SRC Director HDR Training if you require assistance in interpretation of the questions.

(i) Does the project involve use of, development of or training/technical advice in the use, development or maintenance of any of the following "arms or related material"?

Please tick any or all that apply:

Weapons, ammunition, military vehicles and equipment

Any spare parts or accessories for weapons, ammunition, military vehicles and equipment

Paramilitary or law enforcement equipment (e.g. body armour, anti-riot gear, restraints, etc.)

(ii)	Will the research project provide training in or lead to manufacture or maintenance of any controlled goods		•
		YES	NO
	lease provide details, including an assessment of whethe sic research or applied research:	r the project con	stitutes
(iii)	If the applicant is a citizen of Syria, does the research or lead to improvements in the use, extraction, manufany of the following:	•	_
a. G	Gold, precious metals and/or diamonds.		
		YES	NO
	any goods listed in Autonomous Sanctions (Export Sanctions)	•	a).
D	esignation 2012‡ available at http://www.dfat.gov.au/sanctions/sanctions-re		NO
_		YES	NO
	lewly printed or unissued Syrian denominated bank notes inissued Syrian denominated coinage.	s or newly minte	d or
		YES	NO
If yes to	any of the above, please provide details:		
software r monitoring document admission ‡ Please and mater	note: In October 2012 this list was principally devoted to goods, elated to crude oil, natural gas, petrochemicals, power plants for gor interception of internet or telephone communications, and ce is subject to change, however, and should be consulted when ass to a higher degree research program. note: In October 2012 this list was principally devoted to chemicials processing goods and equipment. The document is subject to ed when assessing all applications for admission to a higher degree.	electricity product ertain luxury goods sessing all applicat cals, micro-organisi change, however,	ion, the . The ions for ms, toxins and should

If the applicant is a citizen of Iran, does the research project provide training in or lead to improvements in the use, extraction, manufacture or maintenance of any of the following:	
NO	
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(v)	If the applicant is a citizen of a country (other than UN or Autonomous Sanctions list), does the research lead to improvements in the use, extraction, manufactor of the following:	project provide tra	ining in or
a.	Military or paramilitary items or items with a military or	paramilitary applica	ntion.
		YES	NO
b.	Items with an application in nuclear, chemical or biologic the development of weapons delivery systems (such as		ms or in
		YES	NO
c.	Technical training, advice, services or assistance (include assistance, investment, brokering or other services, and resources or services) related to:		
	 the supply, manufacture, maintenance or use of such items; 	YES	NO
	military activities generally	YES	NO
d.	Rough diamonds.	YES	NO
e.	Iraqi cultural property, other items of archaeological, hi		
C.	scientific, and religious importance illegally removed sin		
		YES	NO
f.	Any goods on the <u>Australia Group Common Control Lists</u>	<u>.++</u>	
		YES	NO
If yes to	o any of the above, please provide details:		
technolo duplicati	Please note: These lists include chemical weapons precursors, do and equipment and related technology and software, dual use biggy and software, biological agents, plant agents, and animal pattion with goods on the DSGL Quick Reference Guide in Appendix 1 and when assessing all applications for admission to a higher degre	ological equipment and nogens. While there ma , both of these lists sho	d related by be some
SECTIO	N D: APPLICANT SIGNATURE		
APPLIC	ANT NAME: DATE:		
APPLIC	CANT SIGNATURE		

SECTION E: SUPERVISOR DECLARATION

It is the responsibility of the Principal Supervisor to ensure all supervisors are aware of this risk assessment. By signing this form, the Principal Supervisor confirms that all supervisors have agreed to the content within the form.

I declare that:

- I am aware of the Australian Autonomous or United Nations Sanctions Regime and the HDR admissions and candidature management procedures and processes put in place by the University to ensure compliance with the regime;
- I am aware that applicants who are subject to sanctions will not be approved as external candidates:
- All information and assessments provided on or appended to this form are true and correct to the best of my knowledge, information and belieft;
- If the applicant is admitted, the project, project requirements and research environment will be monitored for compliance at progress reviews;
- Any proposed change in topic or supervision, or change to the status of this project, project requirements or research environment that may affect compliance with the Australian Autonomous or United Nations Sanctions Regime will be reported to the Delegated Authority and Dean, Graduate Studies.

Principal Supervisor:	SCU ID:
School or organisation:	
Signature:	Date:
† A person who makes a false declaration is liable to penalties of perjury. In addition, the Autonomous Sanctions Regime imposes serious penalties for breaching sanctions laws; for individuals there is a maximum of 10 years imprisonment or a maximum fine that is greater of 3 times the value of the transaction in breach of the sanction (if this can be calculated) or \$270,000. For corporations, the penalty is the higher of \$1.1 million or three times the transaction value.	

SECTION F: DELEGATED AUTHORITY DECLARATION AND SIGNATURES

For joint enrolments or situations where the applicant will be physically based in more than one institution, signatures are required from each relevant Delegated Authority.

I declare that:

- I am aware of the Australian Autonomous or United Nations Sanctions Regime and the HDR admissions and candidature management procedures and processes put in place by the University to ensure compliance with the regime;
- The special assessment of the application has been completed in accordance with SCU procedures and processes by supervisors with the requisite methodological and theoretical expertise to provide a rigorous and meaningful risk assessment;
- If the applicant is admitted, appropriate procedures and processes are in place to monitor the project, project requirements and research environment for compliance at progress reviews;
- Processes are in place to monitor any change in the status of this project, project requirements or research environment that may affect compliance with the Australian Autonomous or United Nations Sanctions Regime and to report any change to the Dean, Graduate Studies.

Name:	Department:	
Signature:	Date:	
Name:	Department:	
Signature:	Date:	
SECTION G: DEAN, GRADUATE STUDIES DECLARATION	I AND SIGNATURE	
I declare that: I am aware of the Australian Autonomous or United Nations Sanctions Regime and the University has mechanisms in place to ensure that the HDR admissions and candidature management procedures and processes put in place by the University to ensure compliance with the regimes are being followed.		
Comments:		
Name:		
Signature:	Date:	

APPENDIX 1:

DEFENCE AND STRATEGIC GOODS LIST QUICK REFERENCE GUIDE

On advice from DFAT, higher degree research projects involving nationals of countries on the United Nations (UN) and Australian Autonomous Sanctions (AS) lists should be assessed to determine whether they provide technical assistance or training that assists with the manufacture, maintenance or use of certain controlled goods.

There is no single list of controlled goods, however, which applies to all sanctioned countries. Rather, Australian law gives effect to a variety of export control regimes including those related to 'arms and related materiel' in the Charter of the United Nations Regulations and the Autonomous Sanctions Regulations. There are, in addition, country specific sanctions, regulations and controlled goods.

To assist with the special assessment of higher degree research applications, DFAT has indicated that the Defence and Strategic Goods List may be used as a proxy, in the first instance, for a comprehensive controlled goods list.

Below is a Quick Reference Guide, in two parts, which should be used to answer Section C, Question 2 of the Higher Degree Research Compliance Assessment Form. Please note that the "Part 1—Munitions List" is included here for comprehensiveness. The vast majority of controlled goods relevant to research projects carried out at the University will appear on the Part 2—Dual Use Goods List.

The full DSGL is available at http://www.defence.gov.au/deco/DSGL.asp and may be consulted if staff assessing an application would like more detailed information on any of the goods listed in the Quick Reference Guide.

PART ONE - MUNI	TIONS LIST
ML1	Smooth bore weapons calibre < 20mm Other weapons calibre ≤ 12.7mm (calibre 0.50 inches) Components and accessories
ML2	Smooth bore weapons >20mm Other weapons calibre > 12.7mm (calibre 0.50 inches) Components and accessories
ML3	Ammunition and components for ML1, ML2 & ML12, Fuze settings for ML3
ML4	Bombs, torpedoes, rockets, missiles,, other explosive devices and charges, components and accessories Equipment for launching, deploying, decoying, disruption, detection and jamming
ML5	Fire control systems, components and accessories and their countermeasure equipment Radar, surveillance, tracking systems, and their countermeasure equipment
ML6	Ground vehicles and components
ML7	Chemical or biological toxic agents, 'riot control agents', radioactive materials, related equipment, components, and materials
ML8	'Energetic materials' (explosives & chemicals) and related substances
ML9	Vessels of war, special naval equipment, accessories and components

3	Electronics
2	Materials Processing Crucibles, valves, robots, vibration test systems, vacuum pumps, chemical processing, and handling equipment
1	Materials, Chemicals, Micro-organisms and Toxins Toxic chemicals, viruses, bacteria, protective and detection equipment, body armour, radiation shielding windows, and metal powder production equipment
0	Nuclear Materials; Facilities and Equipment Nuclear reactors, gas centrifuges, and equipment and materials especially designed for nuclear use
PART TWO – D	DUAL USE GOODS Niveleer Meterials: Facilities and Equipment
ML910	Charges and devices containing "energetic material" specified in ML908
ML909	Detonators or other equipment for the initiation of non-military energetic materials specified in I tem ML908
ML908	Energetic materials other than those in ML8, excluding those specially formulated for toys, novelty goods and fireworks
ML905	Air guns, with specific characteristics
ML904	Accessories, including silencers, mountings, magazines, sights, flash suppressors, for ML901
ML902	Ammunition, projectiles and specially designed for ML901
ML901	Non-military firearms including rifles, carbines, muskets, pistols, revolvers, shotguns, and smooth bore weapons, not specified ML1
Non - Militar	ry Goods
ML22	Technology for listed goods
ML21	Software for listed goods
ML20	Cryogenic and superconductive equipment, as follows, and specially designed components and accessories
ML19	Directed energy weapon systems, countermeasure and related equipment, (e.g. lasers and particle beam systems)
ML18	Production and test equipment
ML17	Miscellaneous goods, including diving equipment, robots, ferries, containers specially designed or modified for military use, goods treated for or providing signature suppression
ML16	Forgings, castings and other unfinished products specially designed for any products controlled by ML1 - ML4, ML6, ML9, ML10, ML12 or ML19.
ML15	Imaging, infrared, thermal imaging and image intensifier equipment, and cameras
ML14	Simulators and training equipment
ML13	Armour plate, body armour, and helmets and components
ML12	High velocity kinetic energy weapon systems and related equipment
ML11	Electronic equipment not controlled elsewhere in the Munitions List specially designed for military use
ML10	Aircraft, unmanned airborne vehicles, aero-engines and aircraft equipment, and related equipment and components

	Microwave components, acoustic wave devices, high energy devices, switching devices, and detonators
4	Computers Radiation hardened computers, neural and optical computers, and related equipment.
5	Telecommunications and Information Security Part 1 – Telecommunications.
	Telecommunications systems, optical fibre cables, radio equipment, jamming equipment, and telemetry and telecontrol equipment
	Part 2 – Information Security (Cryptography).
	Cryptographic equipment, and communications cables systems
6	Sensors and Lasers
	Marine acoustic systems, hydrophones, imaging cameras, optical mirrors, lasers, and magnetometers
7 Navigation and Avionics	
•	Gyros, accelerometers, inertial navigation systems, and flight control systems
8 Marine	
	Submersible vehicles, remotely controlled manipulators, underwater vision
	systems, noise reduction systems, and air independent power systems
9	Aerospace and Propulsion
	Aero gas turbine engines, rocket propulsion systems, UAVs, rocket motors, ramjet engines, sounding rockets, and acoustic vibration test equipment

Note 1 -

Each of the above Dual-Use Goods categories (0-9) has the following divisions:

- A Systems, Equipment and Components
- B Test, Inspection and Production Equipment
- C Materials
- D Software
- E Technology

Note 2 -

Materials, software and technology related to controlled goods are also controlled.

Note 3 -

Terms with specific meaning are enclosed in double quotation marks where they appear throughout the DSGL document. An index of these terms appears in the front pages of the full DSGL document available at http://www.defence.gov.au/deco/DSGL.asp

Background Information -

The DSGL is identified in regulation 13E of the Customs (Prohibited Exports) Regulations 1958 as the document titled 'Defence and Strategic Goods List':

- (a) formulated and published for the purpose of paragraph 112 (2A) (aa) of the Customs Act 1901 by the Minister for Defence; and
- (b) dated November 1996;
- (c) as amended by the Minister for Defence and in force from time to time. The up to date DSGL is available at http://www.defence.gov.au/deco/DSGL.asp

Goods included in the list may not be exported from Australia unless a licence or permission has been granted by the Minister or an authorised person and that licence or permission is produced to a Collector of Customs before exportation.

In addition, the Australian Autonomous Sanctions regime prohibits the provision of training to nationals of sanctioned countries in how to use, manufacture or maintain certain controlled goods, or how to improve the goods' use, manufacture or maintenance. DFAT has determined that higher degree research training may pose a higher than normal risk of breaching Autonomous Sanctions regulations in these areas.